### 1. Python (50 Questions)

- 1. What are the key features of Python?
- 2. Explain the difference between lists and tuples in Python.
- 3. How does Python handle memory management?
- 4. What is the significance of the Global Interpreter Lock (GIL)?
- 5. What is a virtual environment, and why is it used in Python projects?
- 6. How do you create a virtual environment in Python?
- 7. Explain the concept of "Pass by Reference" vs "Pass by Value" in Python.
- 8. What are Python's built-in data types? Provide examples.
- 9. What is the difference between range () and xrange () (in Python 2.x)?
- 10. Explain list comprehension with an example.
- 11. \*\*What are \*args and kwargs used for in function definitions?
- 12. What is a lambda function? How is it different from a regular function?
- 13. How do you handle exceptions in Python?
- 14. What is the difference between try-except and try-finally blocks?
- 15. What are decorators in Python? Give an example use-case.
- 16. What are generators in Python? How do you create one?
- 17. What is the difference between yield and return in Python?
- 18. Explain the concept of iterators and iteration in Python.
- 19. How do you manage file I/O (reading and writing files) in Python?
- 20. What are modules and packages in Python?
- 21. How do you install external libraries in Python?
- 22. What is PEP 8, and why is it important?
- 23. What is the difference between Python 2 and Python 3?
- 24. Explain the use of self in Python class methods.
- 25. What is the difference between a class method and a static method in Python?
- 26. Explain inheritance in Python with a simple example.
- 27. What is multiple inheritance? How is it handled in Python?
- 28. What are \_\_init\_\_ and \_\_new\_\_ methods in Python classes?
- 29. Explain polymorphism in Python with an example.
- 30. What are \_\_str\_\_ and \_\_repr\_\_ methods used for?
- 31. What are shallow copy and deep copy?
- 32. Explain how to use the with statement for resource management.
- 33. What is slicing in Python? Provide examples.
- 34. What are Pythonic ways of programming? Give an example.
- 35. Explain the difference between is and == operators.
- 36. What are Python's built-in data structures (list, tuple, set, dict)?
- 37. What is a dictionary in Python? How do you iterate over it?
- 38. How do you sort a list in Python? Explain different approaches.
- 39. What are list methods like append(), extend(), and insert()?
- 40. Explain how Python's in keyword works with sequences.
- 41. How do you perform JSON parsing in Python?
- 42. What is the purpose of the pip tool?
- 43. What is the difference between map(), filter(), and reduce() functions?
- 44. Explain how to handle command-line arguments in Python scripts.
- 45. What is the purpose of the if \_\_\_\_\_ == "\_\_\_\_main\_\_\_": statement?

- 46. How do you make a script executable from the command line in Python?
- 47. Explain the concept of monkey patching in Python.
- 48. How do you perform unit testing in Python?
- 49. What is a virtual environment and why do we use venv or virtualenv?
- 50. How do you work with regular expressions (regex) in Python?

#### 2. C Language (40 Questions)

- 1. What are the basic data types in C?
- 2. Explain the difference between printf() and scanf().
- 3. How does the sizeof operator work in C?
- 4. What is the difference between ++i and i++?
- 5. Explain pointers in C. How do you declare and use them?
- 6. What is the difference between a pointer and an array?
- 7. How do you dynamically allocate memory in C?
- 8. What is the purpose of malloc(), calloc(), realloc(), and free()?
- 9. Explain the concept of pointer arithmetic.
- 10. What are function pointers and how can they be used?
- 11. What is a segmentation fault? Give common reasons it occurs.
- 12. Explain the structure of a C program (header files, main function, etc.).
- 13. What are storage classes in C? (auto, static, extern, register)
- 14. Describe how arrays and strings are handled in C.
- 15. Explain the difference between struct and union.
- 16. How do you pass an array to a function in C?
- 17. What is recursion? Provide a simple example in C.
- 18. What is typedef used for in C?
- 19. What are macros, and how do you define them in C?
- 20. Explain the difference between #include <file> and #include "file".
- 21. How do you handle command-line arguments in C?
- 22. What is the function prototype in C?
- 23. What are header guards and why are they used?
- 24. Explain the concept of undefined behavior in C.
- 25. What is the difference between break and continue statements?
- 26. How do you implement error handling in C?
- 27. What is the difference between exit(0) and exit(1)?
- 28. Explain how to return multiple values from a function in C.
- 29. What is the purpose of the volatile keyword?
- 30. How do you swap two variables without using a third variable in C?
- 31. Explain the difference between const char\* p and char\* const p.
- 32. What is the difference between getc(), getchar(), scanf(), and fgets()?
- 33. Explain how to read and write files in C.
- 34. What is a function pointer array? Provide a use case.
- 35. Explain the difference between compilation and linking.
- 36. What is the role of a makefile in C projects?
- 37. Describe the process of passing structures to functions.
- 38. What are enumerations (enum) in C?
- 39. How does type casting work in C?

40. Explain the difference between call by value and call by reference in C.

#### 3. Data Structures & Algorithms (DSA) (40 Questions)

- 1. What is an array? How is it different from a linked list?
- 2. Explain the differences between a stack and a queue.
- 3. What is a linked list? Describe its types (singly, doubly, circular).
- 4. How do you reverse a linked list?
- 5. Describe the concept of a stack and its operations (push, pop, peek).
- 6. Explain queue operations (enqueue, dequeue).
- 7. What is a priority queue? How is it implemented?
- 8. Explain the concept of hashing.
- 9. What is a collision in hashing, and how can it be handled?
- 10. Describe the difference between a binary search tree (BST) and a heap.
- 11. What is the difference between a binary tree and a BST?
- 12. How do you traverse a binary tree (inorder, preorder, postorder)?
- 13. What is a balanced binary tree? Give examples.
- 14. Explain depth-first search (DFS) vs breadth-first search (BFS).
- 15. Describe how to implement a graph using adjacency list and adjacency matrix.
- 16. What is the difference between directed and undirected graphs?
- 17. Explain topological sort. In which scenarios is it used?
- 18. What is the time complexity of common sorting algorithms (Quick, Merge, Bubble, Insertion, Selection)?
- 19. Explain merge sort and its complexity.
- 20. What is the worst-case complexity of quicksort, and how can it be improved?
- 21. Compare the advantages of merge sort over quicksort and vice versa.
- 22. Explain binary search. What is its time complexity?
- 23. How do you find the middle element of a linked list in one pass?
- 24. What is a Fibonacci series? Write a simple algorithm to generate it.
- 25. Describe the concept of dynamic programming. Give an example problem.
- 26. What is memoization? How is it different from tabulation in DP?
- 27. Explain the concept of greedy algorithms. Provide an example.
- 28. How do you detect a cycle in a linked list?
- 29. Explain the Floyd's cycle-finding algorithm.
- 30. What is a spanning tree? Differentiate between MST algorithms (Kruskal's, Prim's).
- 31. Describe the shortest path algorithms (Dijkstra, Bellman-Ford).
- 32. What is the difference between a recursion and an iteration approach?
- 33. Explain how to find the maximum subarray sum (Kadane's algorithm).
- 34. How do you determine if a given tree is a BST?
- 35. Explain the concept of backtracking with an example (e.g., N-Queens).
- 36. What are the different ways of collision resolution in hashing (chaining, open addressing)?
- 37. Explain how to implement a min-heap and max-heap.
- 38. What is the time complexity of heapify and building a heap?
- 39. How do you perform a heap sort, and what is its complexity?
- 40. Explain the difference between best case, average case, and worst case complexity.

## 4. Java OOPS (40 Questions)

- 1. What is OOP, and why is it important?
- 2. Explain the four pillars of OOP (Encapsulation, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Abstraction).
- 3. How do you define a class and an object in Java?
- 4. What is the difference between a constructor and a method?
- 5. Explain method overloading vs method overriding in Java.
- 6. What is inheritance? Provide an example.
- 7. What are access modifiers in Java (public, private, protected, default)?
- 8. Explain the concept of encapsulation with a code example.
- 9. What is the difference between an interface and an abstract class?
- 10. Explain how multiple inheritance is handled in Java.
- 11. What is the significance of the this keyword?
- 12. What is the use of the super keyword in inheritance?
- 13. How does Java achieve polymorphism?
- 14. Explain dynamic method dispatch with an example.
- 15. What is the difference between compile-time and run-time polymorphism?
- 16. How do you prevent a class from being extended in Java?
- 17. What is the role of the static keyword in Java?
- 18. Explain the difference between instance variables and class variables.
- 19. What are inner classes in Java? Why use them?
- 20. Explain the concept of packages in Java.
- 21. What is the significance of the final keyword (class, method, variable)?
- 22. Describe the constructor chaining in Java.
- 23. What is an abstract method? Give an example.
- 24. Explain the difference between == and .equals() in Java.
- 25. How does Java handle memory management and garbage collection?
- 26. What is the difference between Stack memory and Heap memory?
- 27. Explain the String pool in Java.
- 28. What is the difference between String, StringBuilder, and StringBuffer?
- 29. Describe how exceptions are handled in Java.
- 30. What is the difference between checked and unchecked exceptions?
- 31. What is the purpose of the throws keyword in a method signature?
- 32. Explain try-with-resources statement in Java.
- 33. What are generics in Java? Why are they used?
- 34. What are collections in Java? Name some common collection classes.
- 35. Explain the differences among ArrayList, LinkedList, and Vector.
- 36. What is the difference between HashMap and Hashtable?
- 37. How do you iterate over a collection in Java?
- 38. Explain the concept of autoboxing and unboxing.
- 39. How do you implement a custom exception in Java?
- 40. What are the main principles to write clean and maintainable OOP code in Java?

# 5. HTML & CSS (40 Questions)

- 1. What is the basic structure of an HTML document?
- 2. Explain the difference between block-level and inline elements.
- 3. What are semantic HTML elements? Give examples.
- 4. What is the purpose of the <!DOCTYPE html> declaration?
- 5. How do you include external CSS in an HTML page?
- 6. Explain the difference between <link> and @import for CSS.
- 7. What are the different types of CSS (inline, internal, external)?
- 8. Explain the CSS box model.
- 9. What is the difference between margin and padding?
- 10. What are CSS selectors? Describe different selector types.
- 11. How do you target elements by ID vs class in CSS?
- 12. What is the difference between display: none and visibility: hidden?
- 13. What is the purpose of the float property in CSS?
- 14. Explain how to clear floats in CSS.
- 15. What is the difference between relative, absolute, fixed, and static positioning?
- 16. How do you center a <div> horizontally using CSS?
- 17. What are pseudo-classes and pseudo-elements in CSS?
- 18. Explain how media queries are used for responsive design.
- 19. What is the difference between em and rem units?
- 20. How do you implement CSS resets or normalize CSS?
- 21. What are HTML5 form elements and how are they useful?
- 22. Explain the <canvas> element in HTML5.
- 23. What is the difference between <section> and <div>?
- 24. How do you optimize a website's performance from a CSS perspective?
- 25. Explain the concept of specificity in CSS.
- 26. What are inline-block elements in CSS?
- 27. How do you use Flexbox for layout?
- 28. What is CSS Grid, and how does it differ from Flexbox?
- 29. How do you use transitions and transformations in CSS?
- 30. What is the purpose of vendor prefixes (e.g., -webkit-, -moz-)?
- 31. Explain the concept of responsive design.
- 32. How do you incorporate fonts using @font-face?
- 33. What is the difference between position: absolute and position: fixed?
- 34. Describe how to create a dropdown menu in pure HTML/CSS.
- 35. How do you add comments in HTML and CSS?
- 36. What is the difference between <span> and <div> elements?
- 37. How do you handle browser compatibility issues in CSS?
- 38. What are meta tags in HTML, and why are they important?
- 39. How can you embed audio and video in HTML5?
- 40. Explain how to make images responsive in HTML/CSS.

# 6. JavaScript (40 Questions)

- 1. What are the different data types in JavaScript?
- 2. Explain the difference between var, let, and const.
- 3. What is hoisting in JavaScript?
- 4. Explain how scoping works in JavaScript.
- 5. What are closures? Provide an example.
- 6. How does JavaScript handle asynchronous operations?
- 7. What is the event loop in JavaScript?
- 8. Explain callback functions and give an example scenario.
- 9. What are promises in JavaScript?
- 10. What is async/await, and how does it simplify asynchronous code?
- 11. Explain the concept of this keyword in JavaScript.
- 12. What is prototypal inheritance, and how does it differ from classical inheritance?
- 13. Explain the difference between == and ===.
- 14. What are arrow functions, and how are they different from regular functions?
- 15. What is the difference between null and undefined?
- 16. Explain how to handle errors in JavaScript (try/catch/finally).
- 17. What is the difference between synchronous and asynchronous code?
- 18. How do you manipulate the DOM using JavaScript?
- 19. Explain event bubbling and event capturing.
- 20. What are higher-order functions in JavaScript?
- 21. Describe the difference between map(), forEach(), filter(), and reduce().
- 22. What are template literals in ES6?
- 23. Explain how to clone an object in JavaScript.
- 24. What are modules in JavaScript (import/export)?
- 25. Explain the concept of strict mode.
- 26. How do you debounce or throttle a function in JavaScript?
- 27. What are the different ways to create objects in JavaScript?
- 28. What is the difference between function declaration and function expression?
- 29. Explain how JSON is used in JavaScript.
- 30. What are some common array methods in JavaScript?
- 31. How do you handle cross-browser compatibility in JavaScript?
- 32. What is the DOMContentLoaded event?
- 33. Explain the difference between window.onload and document.onload.
- 34. What are Web APIs in JavaScript? Provide examples.
- 35. What is the Fetch API, and how does it compare to XMLHttpRequest (XHR)?
- 36. Explain how localStorage and sessionStorage work.
- 37. What is the purpose of the new operator in JavaScript?
- 38. How do you create and dispatch custom events in JavaScript?
- 39. What is event delegation? Why is it useful?
- 40. Explain how you would debug JavaScript code.

## 7. SQL & NoSQL (40 Questions)

- 1. What is a relational database? Give some examples of RDBMS.
- 2. Explain the difference between SQL and MySQL.
- 3. What are the different types of SQL statements (DDL, DML, DCL, TCL)?
- 4. Explain the concept of primary key, foreign key, and unique key.
- 5. What is normalization, and why is it used?
- 6. Explain the different normal forms (1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF).
- 7. What is denormalization? When would you use it?
- 8. How do you use the JOIN clauses (INNER, LEFT, RIGHT, FULL)?
- 9. What is the difference between where and having clauses?
- 10. Explain the concept of subqueries in SQL.
- 11. What is an index, and how does it improve query performance?
- 12. What are clustered and non-clustered indexes?
- 13. What is the difference between DELETE and TRUNCATE?
- 14. Explain the concept of transactions in SQL.
- 15. What are ACID properties in database transactions?
- 16. How do you implement a stored procedure in SQL?
- 17. What is a trigger? Give an example scenario.
- 18. How do you use aggregate functions (COUNT, SUM, AVG, MIN, MAX)?
- 19. Explain the GROUP BY clause and when to use it.
- 20. What is the difference between union and union all?
- 21. How do you handle NULL values in SQL?
- 22. What are constraints in SQL (NOT NULL, CHECK, DEFAULT)?
- 23. Explain the difference between a database view and a table.
- 24. What are common performance optimization techniques in SQL?
- 25. How do you backup and restore a database?
- 26. What is a NoSQL database, and how is it different from SQL databases?
- 27. Explain the main categories of NoSQL databases (Key-Value, Document, Column, Graph).
- 28. When would you choose NoSQL over SQL?
- 29. Give examples of popular NoSQL databases (MongoDB, Cassandra, Redis, Neo4j).
- 30. Explain the CAP theorem in the context of distributed databases.
- 31. How does sharding work in NoSQL databases?
- 32. What is replication, and how is it implemented in NoSQL databases?
- 33. How do you query data in MongoDB (basics of find, insert, update, delete)?
- 34. What is the difference between a collection and a document in MongoDB?
- 35. Explain eventual consistency in NoSQL databases.
- 36. What is MapReduce, and how is it used in NoSQL systems?
- 37. How do you handle schema changes in NoSQL databases?
- 38. Explain the difference between vertical scaling and horizontal scaling.
- 39. What are some challenges of using NoSQL databases?
- 40. In what scenarios is a relational SQL database still preferred over NoSQL?